

## ORIGIN SCIENCE (PART I)

“...keep that which is committed to your trust, avoiding...oppositions of science falsely so called” (I Timothy 6:20 (KJV).

Operation science is based on two principles: observation and repetition. Without a recurring pattern of events against which to measure a theory, there is no valid operational science. Origin science lacks both the observation and repetition of original events. Therefore it depends on other principles. The most important principles of origin science are causality and uniformity. Since origins can't be observed, the principles of forensic science must be applied. The beginning and its effects must be treated like a crime scene. We look for evidence that points backward to a cause. Creationism states there was a beginning of the universe. It came into existence out of nothing. Evolution, likewise, believes there was a beginning. The difference is how it came into being. That is the forensic question. The Bible and evolution offer alternative answers. Both can't be right. Both the creationist and the evolutionist interpret their findings differently. Need I remind you that the pontifications of science have constantly changed in the past? They will continue to do so in the future. Science is a search. The claim of the Creationist is, “The Word of the Lord endures forever” (I Peter 1:25). If there is such a thing as truth, it is eternal; it is as old as God. Our search should be for truth, not to prove we are right or to disprove something we don't like. Truth demands suppositions be placed on trial by judging the evidence. Theoretically that is what science is about. Fingerprints all over the place. But whose? That is why creation science cannot be applied. Origins fall into the category of forensic science. I might point out that even Pharaoh's magicians recognized the fingerprints of God (Exodus 8:19), but Pharaoh didn't.